Calculus III Extra Homework for Monday

On a separate piece of paper, do the following exercises.

- E1. Find two unit vectors in \mathbb{R}^2 that make an angle of 45° with $4\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j}$.
- E2. Prove the following:
 - (a) For vectors **a** and **b** in \mathbb{R}^3 ,

$$\|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}\|^2 = \|\mathbf{a}\|^2 \|\mathbf{b}\|^2 - (\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b})^2.$$

- (b) If **a** and **b** are nonzero vectors with $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = \|\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}\|$, what is the angle between **a** and **b**? Write your answer in degrees.
- E3. Find a vector orthogonal to the plane through the points P(1,0,0), Q(0,2,0), R(0,0,3) and find the area of the triangle PQR.
- E4. Find the center and radius of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4x 2y$.
- E5. Find an equation of a sphere if one of its diameters has endpoints (2, 1, 4) and (4, 3, 10).
- E6. On the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + 2x 2y 4z = 3$, find the points closest to and farthest from the origin.
- E7. Find equations of the spheres with center (2, -3, 6) that touch
 - (a) the xy-plane;
 - (b) the yz-plane;
 - (c) the xz-plane.
- E8. Describe in words the region of \mathbb{R}^3 represented by $1 \leq x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 25$.
- E9. Consider the points P such that the distance from P to A(-1,5,3) is twice the distance from P to B(6,2,-2). What is the set of all such points P? Be as specific as possible.
- E10. Find an equation of the set of all points equidistant from the points A(-1,5,3) and B(6,2,-2). Describe this set.