## Graph Colorings

Definition: A (vertex) coloring of a graph is an assignment of colors to the vertices of the graph so that vertices that are joined by an edge (adjacent vertices) have different colors.


Definition: For a graph $G$, the smallest number of colors needed to color $G$ is called the chromatic number of $G$ and is denoted $\chi(G)$. Note that $\chi$ is the Greek letter chi, for chromatic.

Example: If $G$ is colors, and we need at least 3 colors because $G$ has a triangle.

Example: If $G$ is

find $\chi(G)$.

1. Color each of the vertices of the following graph red (R), white (W), or blue (B) in such a way that no adjacent vertices have the same color.

2. What is the coloring number of the following complete graphs?
K
3. What is the coloring number of the following paths?

| $P_{i}$ |  | $\chi\left(P_{i}\right)$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $P_{1}=$ | $\bullet$ |  |  |

4. (a) Find the chromatic number of the following tree:

(b) Draw a tree with 11 vertices, and find its chromatic number.
5. Corncob College elects 10 students to serve as officers on 8 committees. The list of the members of each of the committees is:

- Corn Feed Committee: Darcie, Barb, Kyler
- Dorm Policy Committee: Barb, Jack, Anya, Kaz
- Extracurricular Committee: Darcie, Jack, Miranda
- Family Weekend Committee: Kyler, Miranda, Jenna, Natalie
- Homecoming Committee: Barb, Jenna, Natalie, Skye
- Off Campus Committee: Kyler, Jenna, Skye
- Parking Committee: Jack, Anya, Miranda
- Student Fees Committee: Kaz, Natalie

They need to schedule meetings for each of these committees, but two committees cannot meet at the same time if they have any members in common.
(a) Draw a graph representing this situation.
(Hint: let the vertices represent the committees.)
(b) How many different meeting times will we need?

Math 105

## Homework Assignment - Due Friday, October 29

## Book Problems: None

1. Find the chromatic number for each of the following graphs.
(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)


(e)
2. Find $\chi\left(C_{n}\right)$ and $\chi\left(W_{n}\right)$ for every integer $n \geq 3$, where $C_{n}$ denotes the cycle with $n$ vertices and $W_{n}$ denotes the wheel with $n$ spokes ( $n+1$ vertices). See examples on Page 6. Your answers will change as $n$ changes.
3. The mathematics department at Cornucopia College will offer seven courses next semester: Math 105 (M), Numerical Analysis (N), Linear Operators (O), Probability (P), Differential Equations (Q), Real Analysis (R), Statistics (S). The department has twelve students, who will take the following classes:

| Alice: | N, O, Q | Dan: | N, O | Greg: | M, P | Jill: | N, S, Q |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Bob: | N, R, S | Emma: | O, M | Homer: | R, O | Kate: | P, S |
| Chaz: | R, M | Fonz: | N, R | Inez: | N, Q | Lara: | P, Q |

The department needs to schedule class times for each of these courses, but two courses cannot meet at the same time if they have any students in common. How many different class times will they need?

## Some Important Graphs

Complete Graphs

$K_{1} \quad K_{2}$
$K_{3}$

$K_{4}$

$K_{5}$

## Paths



## Cycles



Wheels

$W_{3}$

$W_{4}$

$W_{5}$

$W_{6}$

Trees
Connected graphs with no circuits

